

# Inland Orthopaedic Surgery & Sports Medicine Clinic

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## **ACL RECONSTRUCTION USING HAMSTRING AUTO/SOFT TISSUE GRAFT WITH MENISCAL REPAIR POST-OP INSTRUCTIONS AND REHAB PROTOCOL**

This protocol has been developed for the patient following Anterior Cruciate Ligament (ACL) reconstruction. This protocol may vary in length, aggressiveness and return to sports/activities depending on factors such as: concomitant procedures or additional injuries seen at the time of surgery, type of ACL graft used, primary vs revision surgery, range of motion/swelling status, pre-operative function, rehabilitation goals and expectations.

Physical therapy should begin as soon as is reasonably possible. Generally, your first post-op visit with the physical therapist should occur within a week after surgery. Your rehabilitation will be a supervised program by a physical therapist and a home program as directed by your therapist.

Primary goals of the procedure and rehabilitation are: 1) Control joint pain and swelling 2) Regain normal knee range of motion and strength 3) Regain normal gait pattern and neuromuscular stability for ambulation 4) Regain normal proprioception, balance, and coordination for daily activities 5) Achieve the level of pre-injury function based on the orthopaedic and patient goals.

The goal of this rehabilitation plan is to facilitate return to the pre-injury level of function. Return to activity and sports depend upon multiple factors. These factors are based on findings at the time of surgery as well the functional status of the knee. Some factors, such as time and graft incorporation are factors outside of our control. Return to sports and cutting activities is allowed after the patient achieves adequate flexibility, strength and endurance of the knee that is equal to at least approximately 90% of the other side. Generally this occurs around 9 months from the time of the operation.

### **I. POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS:**

- a. **Take 1 tablet (325 mg) of aspirin per day**, starting the day after surgery and continuing **for 2 weeks**. This is done to decrease the risk of blood clots.
- b. Dressing may be removed 3 days after surgery, but keep the steri-strips in place. Try to keep the wound as dry as possible until follow-up.
- c. It is ok to shower after surgery, but keep the dressings and incision wrapped with saran wrap or something similar. When in the shower, do not scrub or soak the incisions. Just let soap/water run over the knee and pat dry. Do not submerge incisions in bath or pool until fully healed (4-5 weeks).
- d. If you had a **nerve block at the time of surgery, it usually wears off 12-24 hrs post-operatively**. It is normal to have some numbness in the leg the first few days after surgery as a result. **The first night after surgery take pain medication before going to bed as the nerve block will often wear off during the night.**
- e. Take the prescribed pain medications as directed. You can supplement your pain control with ice, elevation of the affected extremity and over-the-counter ibuprofen if needed, making sure to follow the dosage as recommended on the bottle. Use ice max 20 min/hour. Place a towel between skin and ice to protect skin.
- f. Decrease the frequency of your pain medicine as your symptoms allow. Generally patients are able to be off of pain medicine around 1-2 weeks post-op.
- g. After surgery you will be non-weight bearing on the operative extremity (It is ok to touch the toes to the ground for balance control). Use the crutches for walking at all times. You will continue to use the crutches

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until four weeks from the date of the surgery. At that point you may wean off the crutches.

- h. After surgery, the first few days are generally spent recovering and resting. When resting, work on calf pumps (moving your ankle up and down) several times per hour. This helps reduce swelling in the leg and decrease the chance of blood clots.
- i. If you were placed into a brace, keep the brace locked in full extension for ambulation for 2 weeks. After 2 weeks you may unlock the brace when walking but be sure to stay non-weight bearing. When sitting down, you may unlock the brace to bend the knee to a maximum of 90 degrees of flexion. You may take an occasional break from wearing the brace if you are at home and resting. You can remove the brace for sleeping after 2 weeks.
- j. Other exercises to work on 3-4 times per day, before seeing therapist include calf pumps, straight leg raises, quad sets (contracting your thigh and holding for 10 seconds) and bending and straightening the knee.
- k. Work on achieving full extension of the knee. The most important aspect of your rehab the first two weeks is getting the knee all the way straight. Range of motion goals for the first two weeks is 0-90 degrees.
- l. Return to driving. There is no conclusive data to guide the exact time when it is safe to return to driving. You cannot drive while still on narcotic pain medications. In general, there should be adequate range of motion of the knee, minimal pain/swelling, and enough strength in the leg to allow you to quickly brake if needed.
- m. **DO NOT PLACE PILLOWS/BLANKETS UNDERNEATH THE KNEE AFTER SURGERY.** This can cause a flexion contracture of the knee after surgery, making full extension of the knee difficult. It is ok to place pillows/blankets under the ankle for elevation.

## **II. Rehabilitation Protocol 0-6 Weeks Post-Op**

- a. Range of motion goal: 0-90 by two weeks post-operatively. **Emphasize full extension of the knee**
  - i. Heel slides
  - ii. **No knee flexion > 90 degrees x 4 weeks.**
  - iii. Avoid aggressive active extension for first 4 weeks
- b. **Use crutches for walking x 4 weeks.** At week 3 you may progress to flat-foot weight bearing
  - i. Your foot may touch the floor to keep you balanced, but you should not put any additional weight on the leg).
  - ii. Approximately 10 pounds of your body weight is placed on the affected leg. Your Physical Therapist will teach you how to do this
- c. Prone hangs
- d. Quadriceps "re-education." Isometric Quadriceps strengthening. Straight leg raises/quad sets
- e. **If hamstring autograft was used, avoid isolated active hamstring strengthening until week 4**
- f. Hip/Core progressive resistive exercises
- g. Patellar mobilization emphasize superior glides
- h. Gastroc-soleus stretch
- i. Start balance training at 4 weeks
- j. Modalities: cryotherapy, electrical stimulation, edema control, etc.

## **III. 6-12 Weeks Post-Op**

- a. Continue exercises from earlier protocol
- b. **Weight bearing as tolerated**
- c. **Progress active knee flexion**
- d. Use functional brace when active
- e. No restrictions on range of motion
  - i. **Goal 0-130 degrees**
  - ii. Manual therapy as needed

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- f. Hip/Core/Hamstring/Quad progressive resistive exercises
- g. Begin Squat/step program
  - i. (Limit squat activities to a maximum of 45 degrees knee flexion until 8 weeks and then progress)
- h. Begin stationary bike when knee flexion is > 110 degrees
- i. Continue closed chain quadriceps strengthening in full arc (leg press, wall slides)
- j. Begin proprioception program
- k. Quadriceps isotonic in 90-30 degree arc
- l. Continue edema control/modalities/patellar mobilization

#### **IV. 12-24 Weeks Post-Op**

- a. Continue all exercises from earlier protocol
- b. Quadriceps isotonic- Ok for full arc for closed chain. Open chain: 90 – 30 degrees
- c. Isokinetic quadriceps exercises
- d. **May begin jogging program.** First treadmill, then progress to hard surfaces
  - i. Do not start running sooner than 12 weeks
  - ii. Can start jogging program if quad control/strength/swelling/motion allows
  - iii. **No full speed running/cutting activities**
- e. Progress proprioception
- f. Plyometric program
- g. Initiate functional program with sport specific drills

#### **V. 24 Weeks Post-Op and Beyond**

- a. **Progress slowly through cutting/lateral movement exercises**
- b. Continue advanced strengthening
  - i. Full arc progressive resistance exercises-emphasize quads
- c. Progress running and swimming programs
  - i. Ok for in-line full speed running
- d. Progress plyometrics program
- e. Progress sport training program
- f. Progress neuromuscular/functional program
- g. Agility drills
- h. KT-1000 test if available]
- i. Isokinetic test at 60°/second, 180°/second, 240°/second as available
- j. Modalities as needed

#### **VI. Return to competitive sports and full speed cutting activities**

- a. You need to be cleared by Dr. Hazelwood and your physical therapist/athletic trainer
- b. In general, for ACL reconstruction using a soft tissue graft this occurs at the earliest around 9 months
  - i. In some cases, this may occur sooner
- c. Return to sports and cutting activities is allowed after the patient achieves adequate flexibility, strength and endurance of the knee that is equal to at least approximately 90% of the other side. In some cases we may use other objective testing such as Isokinetic testing.